

## **BSKD-802: British Intrusion In Kashmir**

**Type: Major**

**Credit Hours: 3**

### **Introduction**

The princely states which covered one-third of the total area of India represented a unique system of polity that had developed in India, partly as a result of policy and partly as a result of historical accident. The Princely State of Jammu and Kashmir bordering the three great powers in the East – the British, the Russian and the Chinese – came into existence with the ominous term of the Treaty of Amritsar signed between Raja Gulab Singh of Jammu and the British East India company on 16<sup>th</sup> March, 1846. This course provides an overview of East India company's intrusion in Jammu and Kashmir affairs since 1846 AD to 1947 AD.

It will help the students to learn about the interest of East India Company's towards Kashmir.

### **Course Objectives**

1. To highlight the East India Company's interests as well as British interest in Kashmir.

### **Course Contents**

#### **Unit-I**

- 1.1 East India Company and Subcontinent
- 1.2 Establishment of East India Company
- 1.3 Downfall of the Mughal Empire
- 1.4 East India Company's intrusion in Mughal's Empire Affairs
- 1.5 Anglo Ranjit Relations
- 1.6 Anglo Sikh Wars
- 1.7 Lahore Treaties (9<sup>th</sup> , 11<sup>th</sup> March, 1846)
- 1.8 Amritsar Treaty (16<sup>th</sup> March, 1846)

#### **Unit-II**

- 1.1 East India Company and Gulab Singh
- 1.2 East India Company, Russia and Ranbir Singh
- 1.3 Treaty Between Ranbir Sing and EIC.
- 1.4 Partap Singh and EIC
- 1.5 Establishment of Gilgit Agency
- 1.6 Hari Singh and EIC
- 1.7 Treaty of Gilgit
- 1.8 3<sup>rd</sup> June Plan and EIC

### **Learning Outcomes**

This course will update the knowledge of students regarding British interests in the affairs of state of Jammu and Kashmir.

### **Teaching-Learning Strategies:**

The following techniques will be used in the said program

- Lectures on physical basis
- Presentations
- Group Discussions

- Assignments / Quizzes / Projects
- Seminars / Symposiums
- Research Based Tours

### **Assignments-Types and Number with calendar:**

Assignments will be furnished under the supervision of course instructor by using the modern techniques of research. Assignments and Quizzes will cover twenty (20) marks out of 100 marks and will be due by the end of 8<sup>th</sup>/9<sup>th</sup> week of education of the concerned semester. Mid Term examinations will be held after the completion of 8 / 9 week of education as well as Final Term examinations will be held after the completion of 16 / 18 week of education.

### **Assessment and Examinations:**

<b>Sr. No.</b>	<b>Elements</b>	<b>Weightage</b>	<b>Details</b>
1.	Midterm Assessment	35%	It takes place at the mid-point of the semester
2.	Formative Assessment	25%	It is continuous assessment. It includes classroom participation, attendance, assignments and presentations, homework, attitude and behavior, hands-on-activities, short tests, quizzes etc.
3.	Final Assessment	40%	It takes place at the end of the semester. It is mostly in the form of a test, but owing to the nature of the course the teacher may assess their students based on term paper, research proposal development, field work and report writing etc.

### **Recommended Books**

- Singh Chohan, Amar. (1985). *The Gilgit Agency (1877-1935)*: New Dehli.
- Akber, M.J. (2002). *Kashmir Behind the Vale*: New Dehli.
- James Ferguson, J. (1961). *Kashmir a Historical Introduction*: London.
- M.Hussain, Fida. (1988). *Freedom Struggle in Kashmir*: New Dehli.
- M.Hussain, Fida. (1974). *British Policy Towards Kashmir (1846-1947)*: New Dehli.
- M.Hussain, Fida. (1978). *Gilgit: The Northern Gate of India*: New Dehli.
- Huttenback, A.Robert. (2004). *Kashmir and the British Raj*: Karachi.
- Hashmatullah Khan, Molvi. (1991). *Tarikh-i-Jammu*: Mirpur.
- Lamb, Alastair. (1966). *Crisis in Kashmir (1947-1966)*: London.
- Lamb, Alastair. (1993). *Kashmir A Disputed Legacy (1846-1990)*: Karachi.

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